

QuarkNet



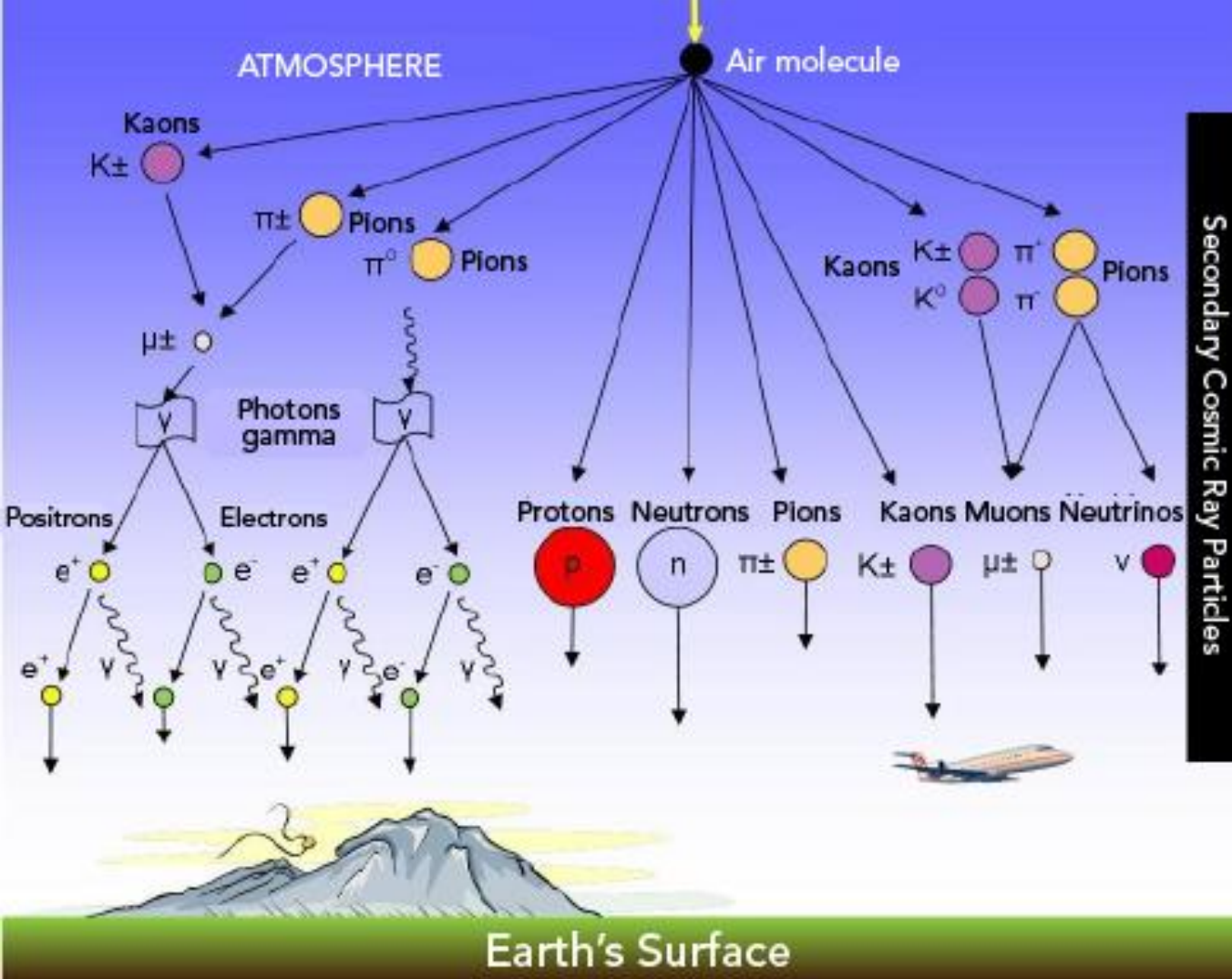
# COSMIC RAY VOCABULARY

Nathan Unterman

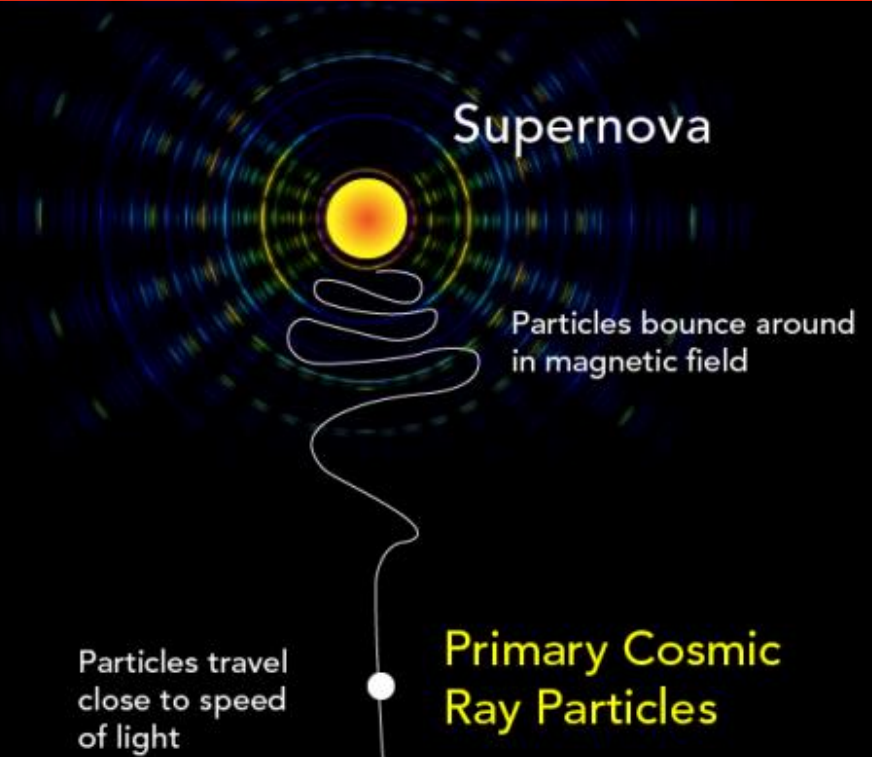
University of New Mexico 26.July.2022



Question	Team
1, 2	Brie and Jeff
3, 4	Tim and Sarah
5, 6, 11	Ken and Bill
7, 8	Philip and Carlos
9, 10, 14	Connie and Turtle
12, 13	Lexi and Tom



**OUTER SPACE**



**Flux** describes the number of muons that pass or travel through a surface (area) per unit time.

FLUX



- Mass
- **Time**
- Length

RELATIVITY

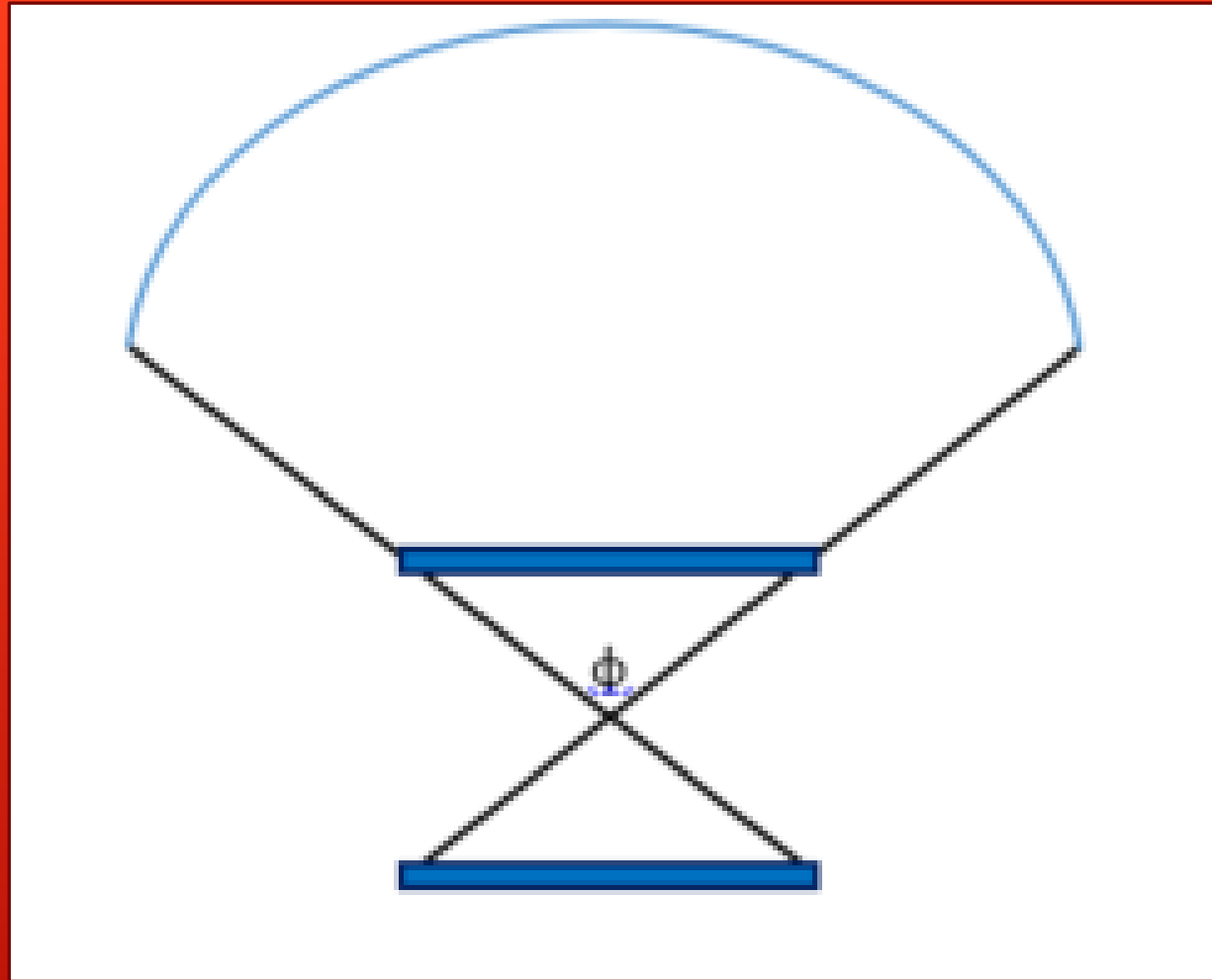


- ▶ **Half-life** is the time required for a quantity to reduce to half of its initial value. The term is commonly used in nuclear physics to describe how quickly unstable atoms undergo radioactive decay or how long stable atoms survive.
- ▶ **Lifetime** is the amount of time a particle takes to decay in the process of one unstable subatomic particle transforming into multiple other particles.

## HALF-LIFE VERSUS LIFETIME

- ▶ Recording an event when at least two counters have indicated a hit within a gate.
  - ▶ Importance is to reduce the number of stray events.
- ▶ Trigger rate is the rate of events.

COINCIDENCE AND TRIGGER



ANGLE OF ACCEPTANCE





## New Detector 7026 Entry:

Date:  /  /  @  :  [UTC](#) *Detector*





### Geometry

If you are using EQUIP for data acquisition, you still need to enter geometry data on this page for use in the Cosmic Ray e-lab.

GPS is @ (0,0,0).

Each point (x,y,z) represents the center of a counter.

Confused? Seeing errors? Please consult the [Geometry Tutorial](#).

	Active Channels:	1	2	3	4
	Cable Length (m)	Area(cm <sup>2</sup> )	x:E-W(m)	y:N-S(m)	z:Up-Dn(m)
 1	<input type="text" value="15.3"/>	<input type="text" value="744.2"/>	<input type="text" value="-0.50"/>	<input type="text" value="0.80"/>	<input type="text" value="-0.30"/>
 2	<input type="text" value="15.3"/>	<input type="text" value="744.2"/>	<input type="text" value="-0.50"/>	<input type="text" value="0.80"/>	<input type="text" value="-0.50"/>
 3	<input type="text" value="15.3"/>	<input type="text" value="744.2"/>	<input type="text" value="-0.50"/>	<input type="text" value="0.80"/>	<input type="text" value="-0.80"/>
 4	<input type="text" value="15.3"/>	<input type="text" value="744.2"/>	<input type="text" value="-0.50"/>	<input type="text" value="0.80"/>	<input type="text" value="-0.83"/>



Stacked

Orientation



Unstacked



Visualize geometry

### GPS Coordinates

[GPS Coordinates Tutorial](#)

[Find GPS Coordinates](#)

Latitude:

Longitude:

e.g., 47:39.234736 N

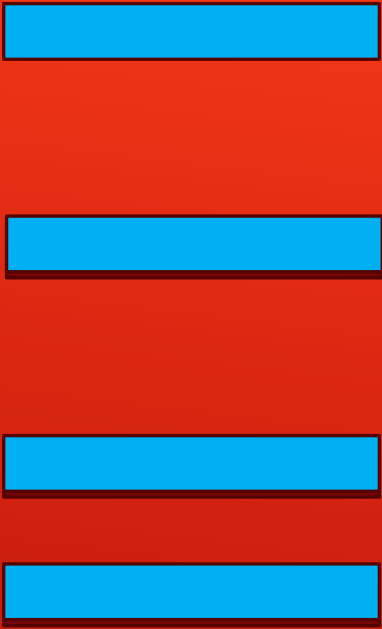
e.g., 122:18.68 W

[Map GPS Coordinates](#)

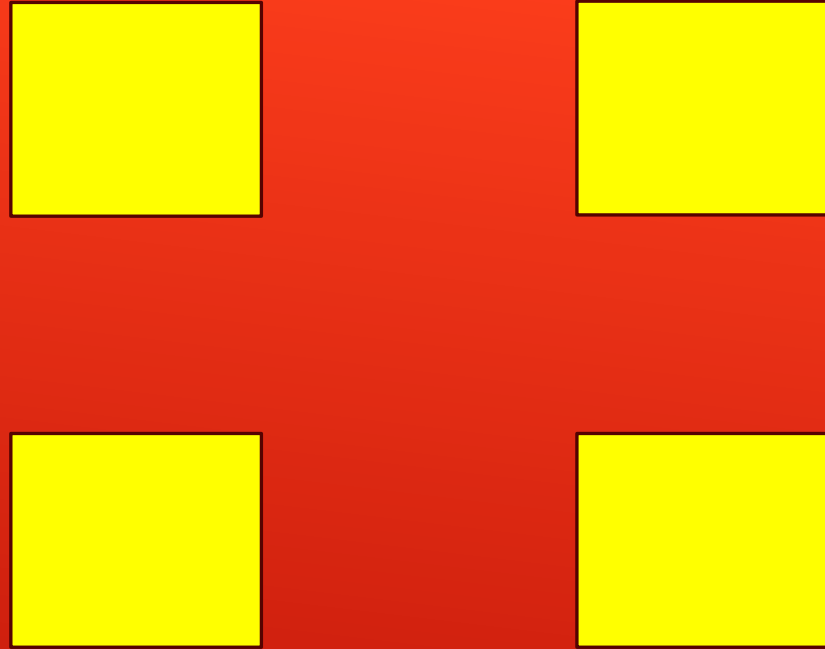
Altitude (m):

GPS Cable Length (m):

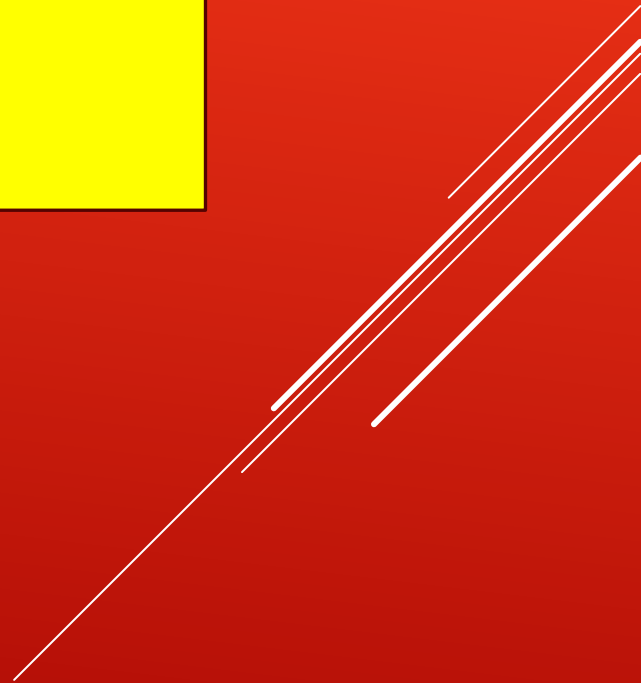
Commit Geometry



**Stack**



**Array**



GATE WIDTH



A **nanosecond** (ns or nsec) is one billionth ( $10^{-9}$ ) of a second.

0.000000001 seconds.



- ▶ Time of Flight tool
  - ▶ Need geometry
  - ▶ Plot on graph paper.
  
- ▶ Time of flight can be used for counts, angle of acceptance, . . .

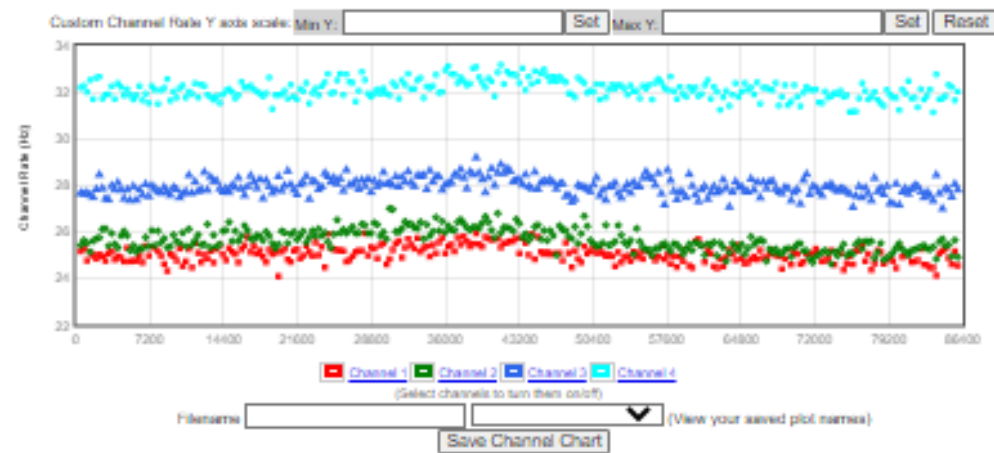
MUON SPEED

- ▶ How is the detector doing
  - ▶ Individual rates
  - ▶ Trigger rates
  - ▶ Satellites
  - ▶ Voltage
  - ▶ Temperature
  - ▶ Pressure

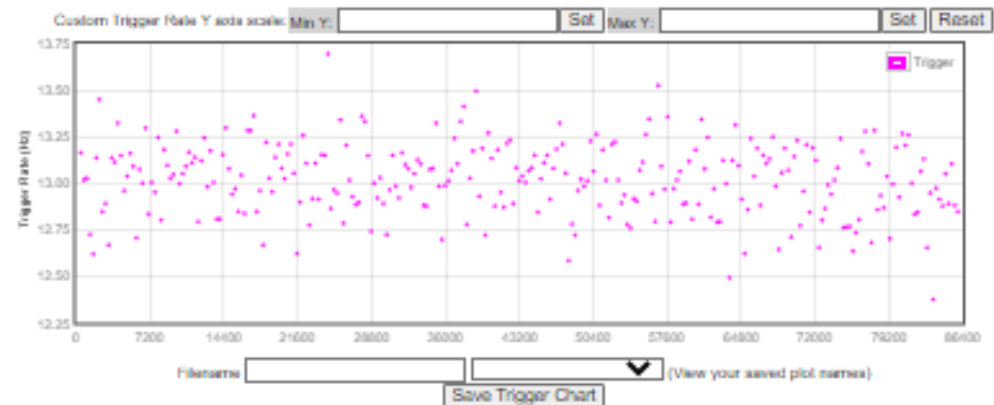
BLESSING DATA



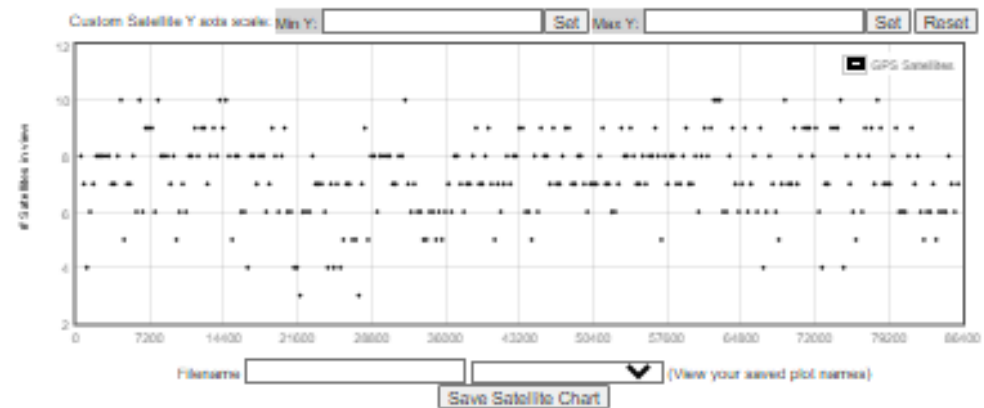
## Rates



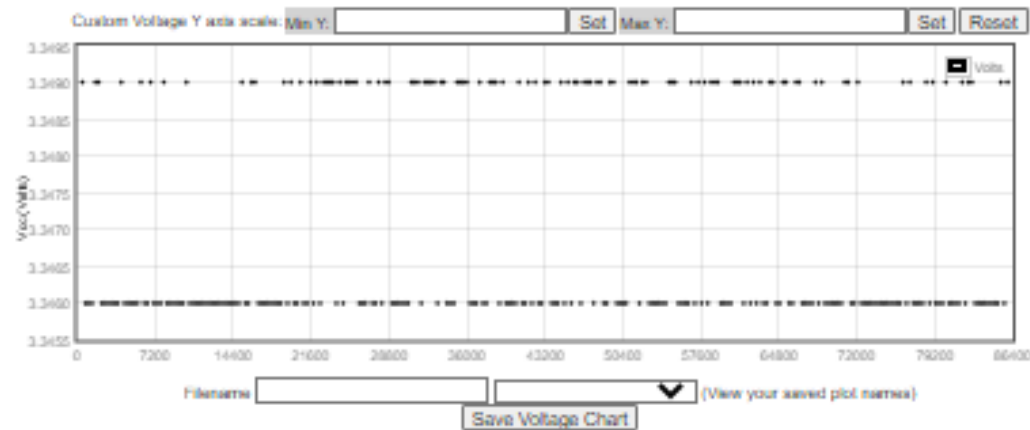
## Trigger Rate



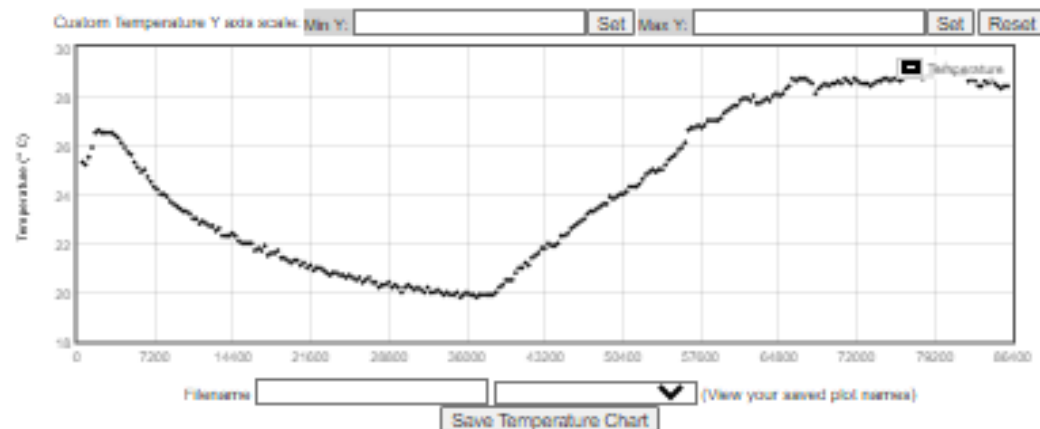
## Visible GPS Satellites



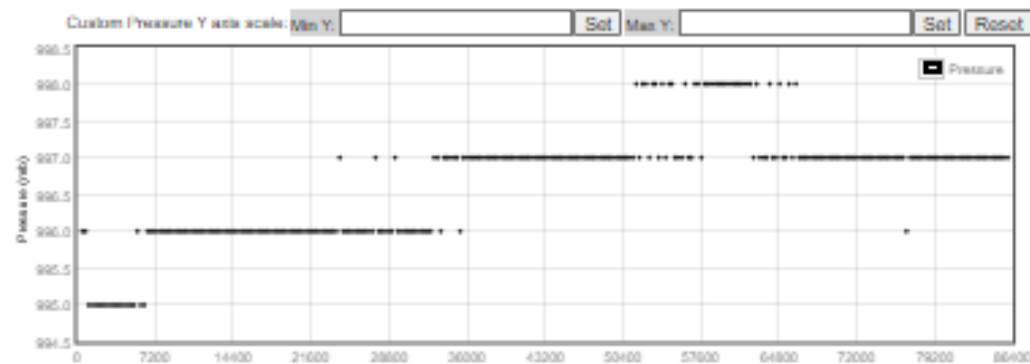
## Voltage



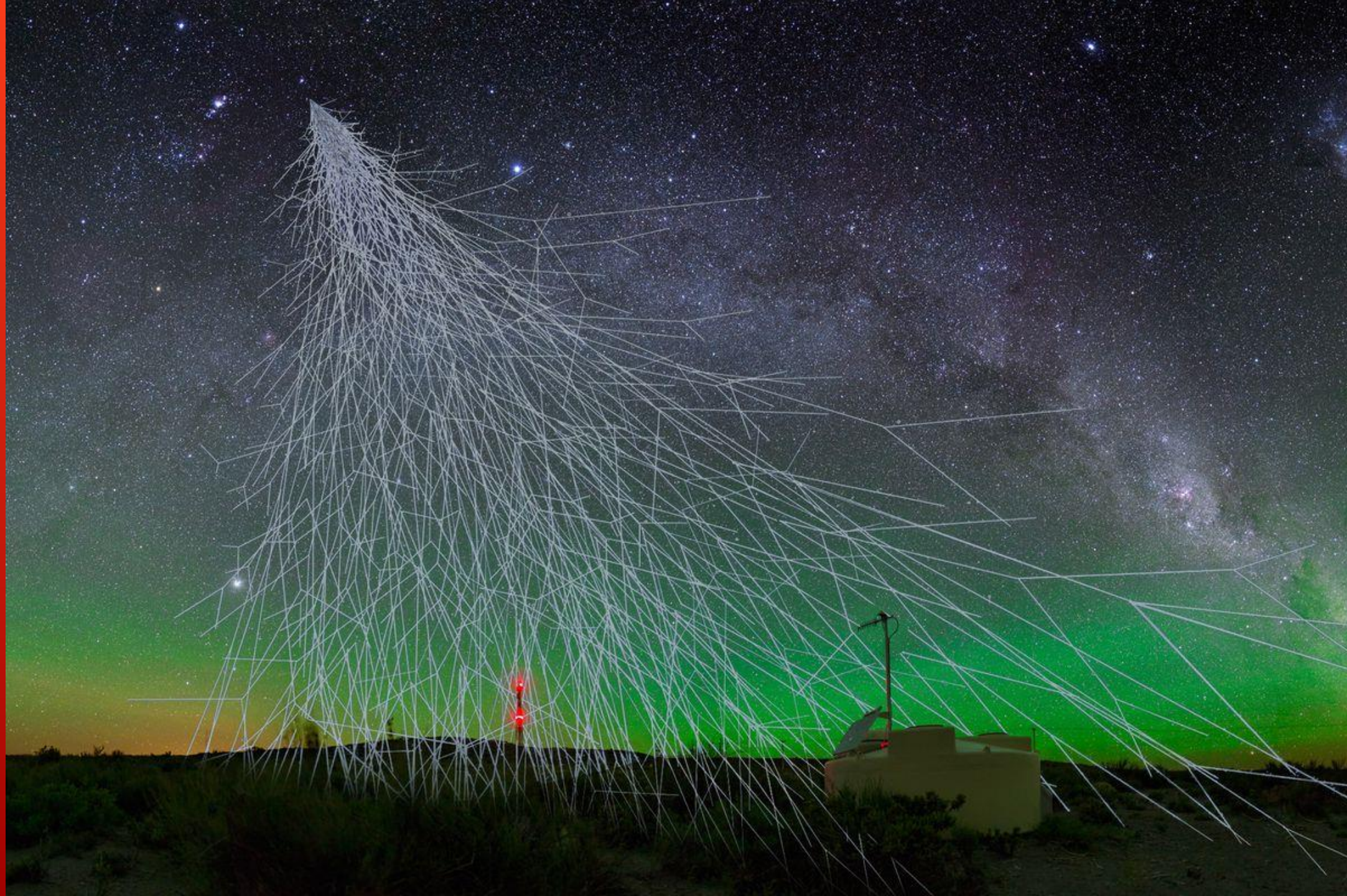
## Temperature



## Barometric Pressure











# CONTACT

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