Study of the Higgs Field

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The Nobel Prize in Physics 2013

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Photo: A. Mahmoud François Englert Prize share: 1/2



Photo: A. Mahmoud Peter W. Higgs Prize share: 1/2

The Nobel Prize in Physics 2013 was awarded jointly to François Englert and Peter W. Higgs "for the theoretical discovery of a mechanism that contributes to our understanding of the origin of mass of subatomic particles, and which recently was confirmed through the discovery of the predicted fundamental particle, by the ATLAS and CMS experiments at CERN's Large Hadron Collider"

The Higgs Particle

- The Nobel prize for the Higgs mechanism
 - theoretical idea ${\sim}50$ years ago
- This idea became the reality with the Higgs particle
 - experimental discovery



How many Bosons did we know in 2012?

- We knew 12 bosons: photon, Z^0 , W^+ , W^- , 8 gluons
- Photons (γ) are massless vector (spin= \hbar =1) bosons
- Z^0 and W^{\pm} are heavy \rightarrow weak force
- Gauge bosons in unified electro-weak theory after spontaneous symmetry breaking



 $\begin{aligned} |\gamma\rangle &= \cos\theta_W |B^0\rangle + \sin\theta_W |W^0\rangle & \text{light (massless)} \\ |Z^0\rangle &= \sin\theta_W |B^0\rangle + \cos\theta_W |W^0\rangle & \text{heavy} \end{aligned}$

 θ_W - Weak mixing (Weinberg) angle

Andrei Gritsan, JHU

Path from Light to Heavy



– Higgs field – possible mechanism

The Englert-Brout-Higgs Mechanism

• Symmetry spontaneously breaks near minimum (vacuum) energy of Higgs field $(\phi_1, \phi_2, \phi_3, \phi_4)$

 $V = \frac{1}{4}\lambda\left[\phi_1^2 + \phi_2^2 + \phi_3^2 + \phi_4^2\right]^2 + \frac{1}{2}\mu^2\left[\phi_1^2 + \phi_2^2 + \phi_3^2 + \phi_4^2\right]$



• Higgs particle described by one component of the Higgs field

$$h = \phi_1 - v$$

• The other Higgs field components ϕ_2, ϕ_3, ϕ_4 couple to Weak bosons Z^0, W^-, W^+ and generate mass, longitudinal polarization (not γ)

• Empty space filled with invisible "force" – the Higgs field



• The Higgs field clusters around the particle – gives mass



• Pass energy into the Higgs field (no particle)



• The Higgs particle cluster created from the Higgs field



What is Higgs?

- There are several phenomena:
 - Peter Higgs
 - Higgs mechanism
 - Higgs field
 - Higgs particle (boson)
- People sometimes confuse these phenomena
 - especially the last two
- We have hard evidence for two:
 - 1964 article by Peter Higgs in *Physics Review Letters*
 - 2012 discovery of a new Boson by CMS and ATLAS





More on the History of the Higgs Mechanism

- In fact, there are several names of the Higgs mechanism:
 - Brout-Englert-Higgs mechanism
 - Higgs-Brout-Englert-Guralnik-Hagen-Kibble mechanism
 - Anderson-Higgs mechanism
 - Higgs mechanism is just simpler
 - all for authors of independent papers on the topic
- Partly due to ironic history with the paper by Higgs:
 - rejected from European *Physics Letters* "of no obvious relevance to physics"
 - added a reference to predicting a new particle

More on the History of the Higgs Mechanism

- 1950: Ginzburg- Landau model of superconductivity
- 1959-60: Nambu- Goldstone bosons in spontaneous symmetry breaking
- 1962: P. Anderson nonrelativistic example
- 1964: R. Brout & F. Englert; P. Higgs; G. Guralnik & C. R. Hagen & T. Kibble
- 1967: Incorporated into Standard Model by S. Weinberg and A. Salam







Mass of Matter

• Most of our mass is protons and neutrons

– most mass is energy of quark-gluon soup: $m_p c^2 = E$



Mass from quark-glue soup energy: $m_p c^2 = 938 \ {\rm MeV} \simeq 1.7 \times 10^{-27} \ {\rm kg}$

Mass from the Higgs field: $m_u c^2 \sim 3$ MeV, $m_d c^2 \sim 5$ MeV

but Higgs field is very important

Stability of the Vacuum

- Higgs self-coupling $\lambda < 0$ at higher scale
 - may tunnel thru "potential barrier" \Rightarrow unstable Universe
 - tunneling time > Universe lifetime \Rightarrow metastable Universe
 - for $m_H \sim 126 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ and SM Higgs field \Rightarrow metastable



The Large Hadron Collider

one of the coldest places (1.9 K, 96T He) one of the hottest places $(10^{16} \, {}^{\circ}\text{C})$ vacuum emptier than outer space (10^{-10} Torr) the fastest racetrack ($v_p = 0.999999991c$) the largest electronic instrument (27 km)

Study of the H⁰ boson



Study of the H⁰ boson



Study of the H⁰ boson



LHC schedule: 10 year plan

• LHC E_{pp}=13 TeV, Phase-1 thru 2023/24





 Phase-2 with Run-4 plan to start in 2026, Snowmass: ~3000 fb⁻¹

Legacy: Run-1 (2010-2012)
~25 fb⁻¹ at 7 and 8 TeV

Particles \rightarrow Resonances \rightarrow "Bumps"

• We often see particles as "resonances"

- most particles are not stable
- reconstruct from their decay products



Higgs boson yield



Run-2 of LHC



CMS Experiment at the LF Fri 2010–Sep–24 02:2 Run 146511 Event S C.O.M. Energ



New Pixel Detector in CMS Now ("Phase-1")

• first stable beams on May 23, 2017



66 million channels in 1440 modules \rightarrow 124 million channels in 1856 modules

The Silicon Pixel Detector



Study of the Higgs field $\boldsymbol{\phi}$



Study HVV or $|D_{\mu}\phi|^2$



Study Hff or $\psi_i y_{ij} \psi_j \phi$



Discovery of H(125)⁰ $\rightarrow \tau\tau$





Study Hff or $\psi_i y_{ij} \psi_j \phi$



Study HHH or $V(\phi)$



Search for more Higgs bosons: $\phi_1, \phi_2 \dots$

more involved Higgs field $_{..}\phi_{1..}\phi_{2..}$ more Higgs bosons, H(125)⁰,H,A,H⁺,H⁻



Study of the Higgs field $\boldsymbol{\phi}$



Study of the Higgs field $\boldsymbol{\phi}$

- H(125)⁰ is a completely new state of matter-energy
 - the major LHC discovery so far
 - yet it is just an extinct particle
 - what remains in the Higgs field
 - it is all around us
 - gives mass to fermions, bosons



- its potential remains to be tested, implication for our existence